

# 2023-2024 Influenza Surveillance Report Week 09

Feb. 25, 2024 - Mar. 2, 2024

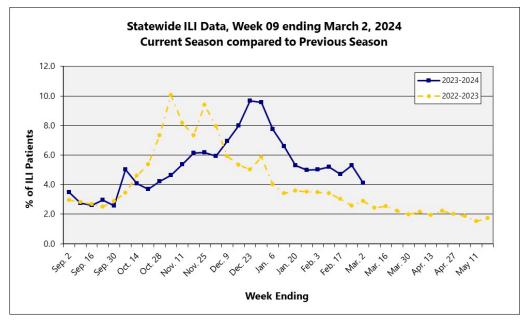
### About our flu activity reporting

MSDH relies upon selected sentinel health practitioners across the state to report the percentage of total patient visits consistent with an influenza-like illness (ILI: fever of 100°F or higher AND cough and/or sore throat). Also, providers are supplied with specimen collection kits. Samples are submitted to the Mississippi Public Health Laboratory for influenza PCR testing. Reports are used to estimate the state's ILI rate and the magnitude of the state's influenza activity. Reports represent only the distribution of flu in the state, not an actual count of all flu cases statewide. *Information is provisional only and may change depending on additional reporting from sentinel providers*.

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#### **State ILI Surveillance**



During week 09 (2/25/24-3/2/24), the overall state ILI rate (4.1%) **decreased** from the previous week (5.3%) and was higher than this time last year (2.9%). | Figure 1

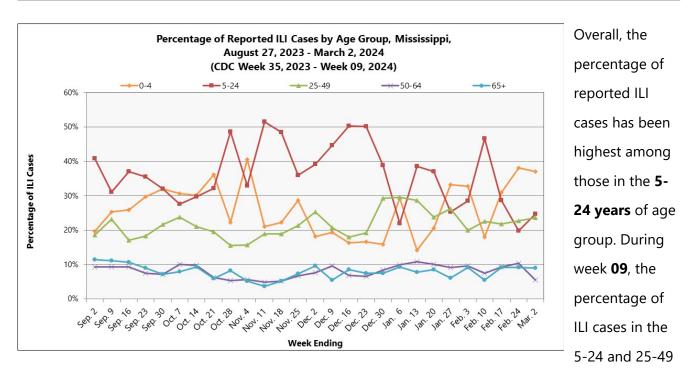
#### Total number of patients treated by sentinel providers in the last three weeks. | Table 1

| 2023-2024 Influenza Season |                |  |                |              |              |  |
|----------------------------|----------------|--|----------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| CDC Week                   | Week<br>Ending | Number of reports<br>received from<br>Sentinel Providers | Total patients | ILI symptoms | ILI Rate (%) |  |
| 09                         | Mar. 2         | 106  | 14941          | 612          | 4.1          |  |
| 08                         | Feb. 24        | 106  | 15302          | 812          | 5.3          |  |
| 07                         | Feb. 17        | 106  | 14607          | 687          | 4.7          |  |

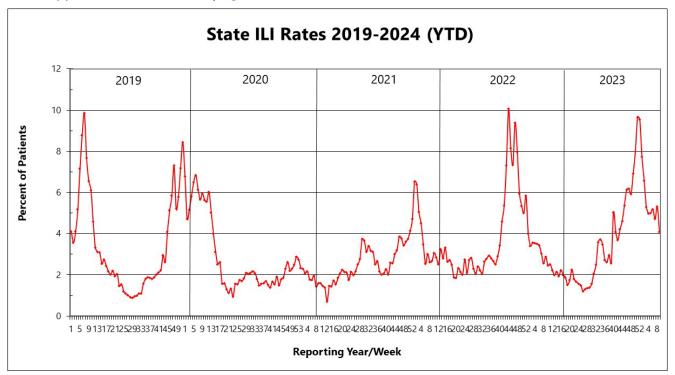
During week **09**, seven districts (2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 9) had a decrease. Two districts (1 and 8) remained about the same. *Information is provisional only and may change depending on additional reporting from sentinel providers.* | **Table 2** 



| MSDH District ILI Rates (%)<br>2023-2024 |         |         |  |  |  |
|--|---------|---------|--|--|--|
| District                                 | Week 08 | Week 09 |  |  |  |
| State                                    | 5.3     | 4.1     |  |  |  |
| I  | 2.8     | 2.7     |  |  |  |
| II                                       | 8.1     | 5.7     |  |  |  |
|  | 29.0    | 23.5    |  |  |  |
| IV                                       | 4.4     | 3.9     |  |  |  |
| V  | 8.7     | 5.8     |  |  |  |
| VI                                       | 12.5    | 8.3     |  |  |  |
| VII                                      | 6.1     | 4.9     |  |  |  |
| VIII                                     | 2.2     | 2.2     |  |  |  |
| IX                                       | 2.5     | 1.8     |  |  |  |



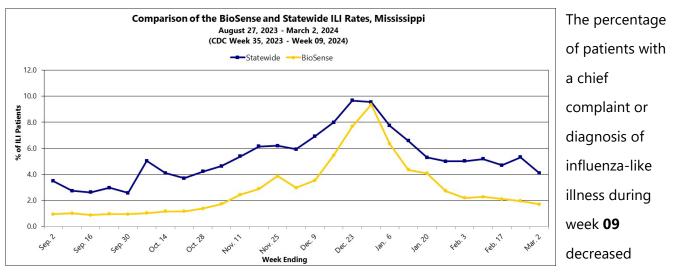
years of age groups increased. However, the percentage of ILI cases decreased in the 0-4 and 50-64 years of age group, when compared to the previous week. The percentage of ILI cases in the 65+ years of age group remained about the same. | <u>Figure 2</u>



Mississippi ILI Rates 2019-2024 | Figure 3

#### Syndromic ILI Surveillance

The Mississippi State Department of Health also collects influenza syndromic surveillance data through the CDC BioSense Platform. This data is comprised of chief complaints and diagnosis codes and is submitted electronically by participating hospitals and clinics throughout the state in near real-time. The BioSense data is an additional tool to monitor influenza activity in Mississippi.



when compared to the previous week. In addition, the statewide ILI rate decreased from the previous week. Since week 43, the BioSense ILI rate appears to be following a similar trend as the statewide ILI rate. | Figure 4

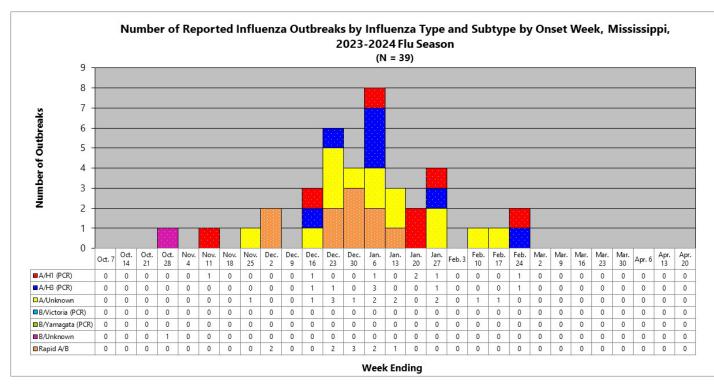
#### Influenza Outbreaks

Outbreaks are reportable in Mississippi as a Class 1A event and must be reported by telephone within **24 hours** of first knowledge or suspicion to the Mississippi State Department of Health. For more information on reportable diseases and conditions, please refer to the <u>MSDH List of Reportable Diseases and Conditions</u>.

Between week 40 (ending October 7, 2023) and week 09 (week ending Mar. 2, 2024), 43 outbreaks were reported to MSDH. MSDH investigates all reported outbreaks, and of the 43 reported outbreaks, complete information was available for 39 of them. One was attributed to an influenza B virus, unknown subtype, seven were attributed to an influenza A/H1, seven were attributed to an influenza A/H3, 10 were attributed to an influenza Rapid A/B, and 14 were attributed to an influenza A virus, unknown subtype.

Through week 09, within the reported outbreaks, the overall vaccination rate among facility residents was 85%, and among staff members, 50%. In addition, the percentage of residents that were ill due to influenza was 13%, and among staff members, 4%. The percentage of residents that were hospitalized due to influenza was 2%, and among staff members, 0%.

The influenza outbreaks have occurred in the following counties: Alcorn (2), Attala (2), Calhoun (1), Greene (1), Harrison (2), Humphreys (2), Jackson (1), Jefferson (1), Lafayette (2), Lamar (1), Lauderdale (1), Leake (1), Lincoln (1), Lowndes (1), Madison (1), Marion (2), Marshall (1), Monroe (1), Newton (1), Pontotoc (3), Prentiss (2), Rankin (2), Simpson (1), Stone (2), Tallahatchie (1), Union (1), Webster (3), Wilkinson (1), Yalobusha (1), and Yazoo (1). Figure 5

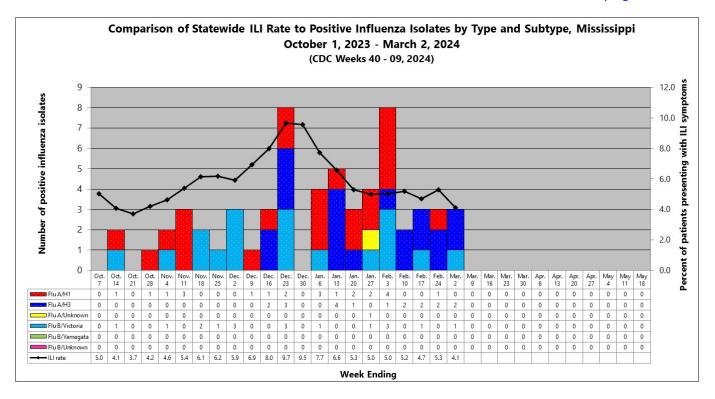


For additional information on infection control measures in health care facilities and managing influenza outbreaks in long-term care facilities, please refer to the CDC's webpages: <u>https://www.cdc.gov/flu/professionals/infectioncontrol/index.htm</u> and <u>https://www.cdc.gov/flu/professionals/infectioncontrol/ltc-facility-guidance.htm</u>, respectively.

#### **Flu Testing Reports**

Since week 41 (week ending October 14, 2023), 60 laboratory confirmed influenza samples have been identified by the MSDH Public Health Laboratory. 23 (38%) were identified as influenza A/H1, 19 (31%) were identified as influenza A/H3, and 18 (30%) were identified as influenza B/Victoria. One (2%) was identified as an influenza A virus, unknown subtype. One sample was co-infected with two influenza strains: influenza A(H1) and influenza B/Victoria.

The influenza cases were identified from the following counties: Attala (13), Calhoun (2), Harrison (1), Hinds (21), Leake (1), Lincoln (2), Lowndes (5), Marshall (2), Monroe (2), Pontotoc (2), Pearl River (1), Prentiss (2), Rankin (1), Stone (1), Tallahatchie (1), Union (1), Webster (1), and Wilkinson (1). | Figure 6



National and Mississippi Pediatric Mortality Surveillance

Nationally, **103** influenza-associated pediatric deaths have been reported to CDC for the 2023-2024 season. 25 deaths were associated with an influenza A virus (not subtyped), 25 deaths were associated with influenza A(H1N1) viruses, four deaths were associated with an influenza A(H3) virus, one death was associated with an influenza A(H3N2) virus, five deaths were associated with an influenza B/Victoria virus, 41 deaths were associated with an influenza B virus (not subtyped), and one death was associated with a co-infection of an influenza A(H1N1) and an influenza B/Victoria virus.

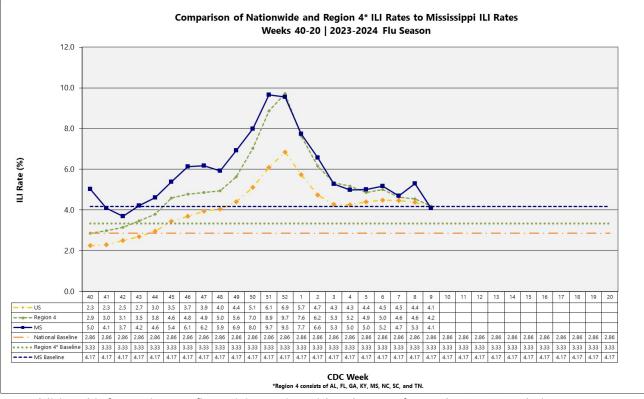
Mississippi has had **two** influenza-associated pediatric deaths reported during this influenza season.

For additional information on influenza-associated pediatric deaths, please refer to the CDC's FluView.

**National ILI Surveillance** 

During week **09**, influenza activity **decreased** in the United States. 4.1% of patients reported through ILINet presented with ILI symptoms. This was a decrease when compared to week 08 and above the national baseline (2.9%).

Region 4's (Southeast) ILI rate (4.2%) **decreased**, when compared to the previous week. It was also above the regional baseline (3.3%). Mississippi is included in Region 4. | <u>Figure 7</u>

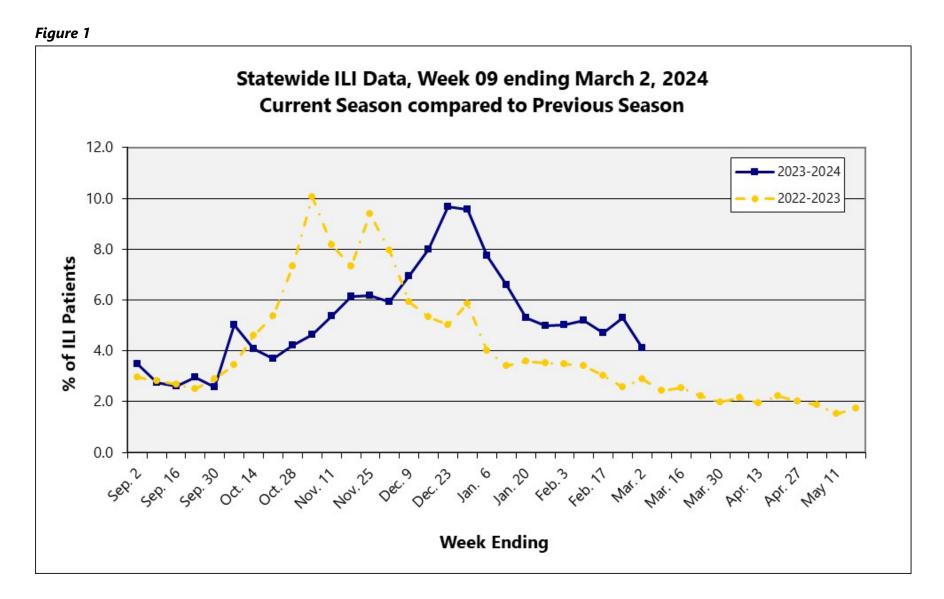


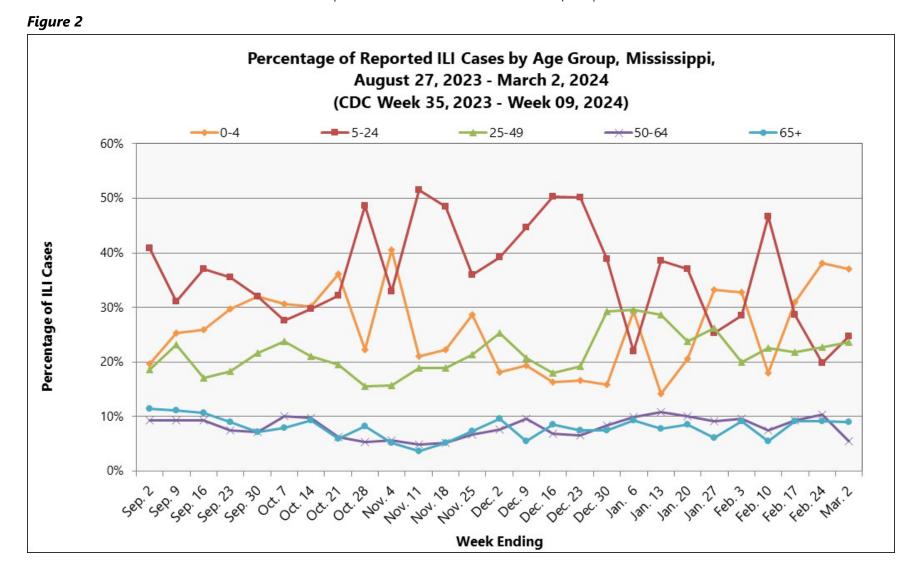
For additional information on flu activity nationwide, please refer to the CDC's website: <u>http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/fluactivitysurv.htm</u>.

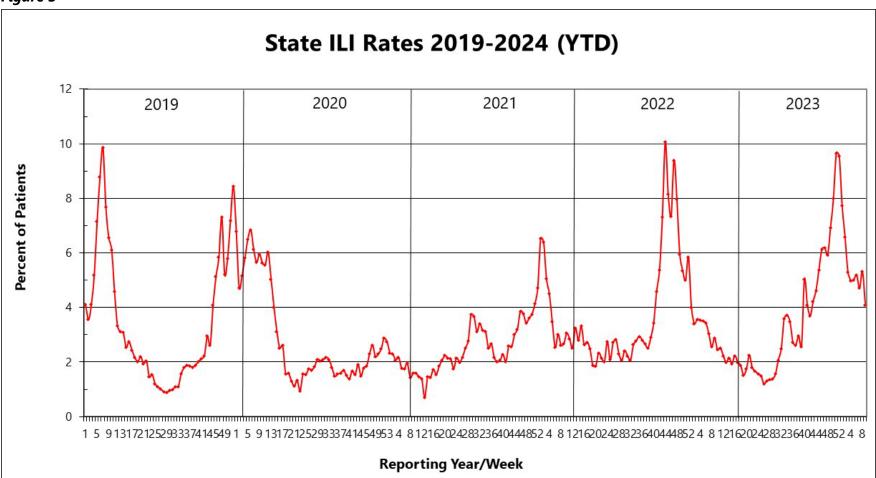
Additional influenza information:

| Centers for Disease Control and Prevention            | http://cdc.gov/flu/                               |
|---|---|
| Centers for Disease Control and Prevention<br>FluView | http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/                    |
| MSDH Flu  | http://msdh.ms.gov/msdhsite/ static/14,0,199.html |
| World Health Organization FluNet                      | https://www.who.int/tools/flunet/flunet-summary   |

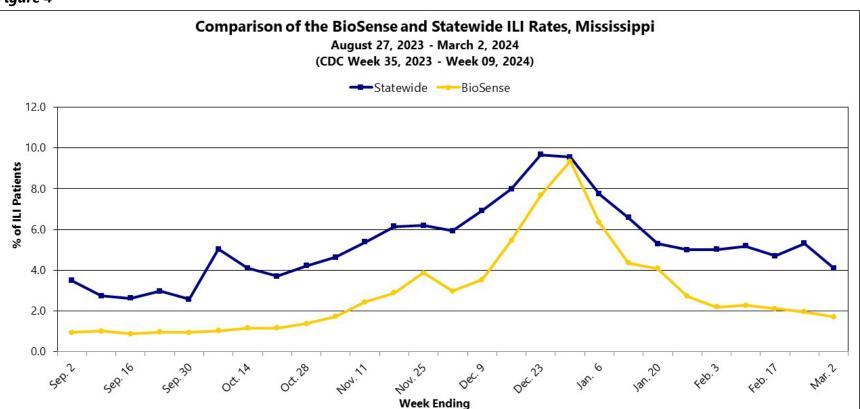
# Appendix



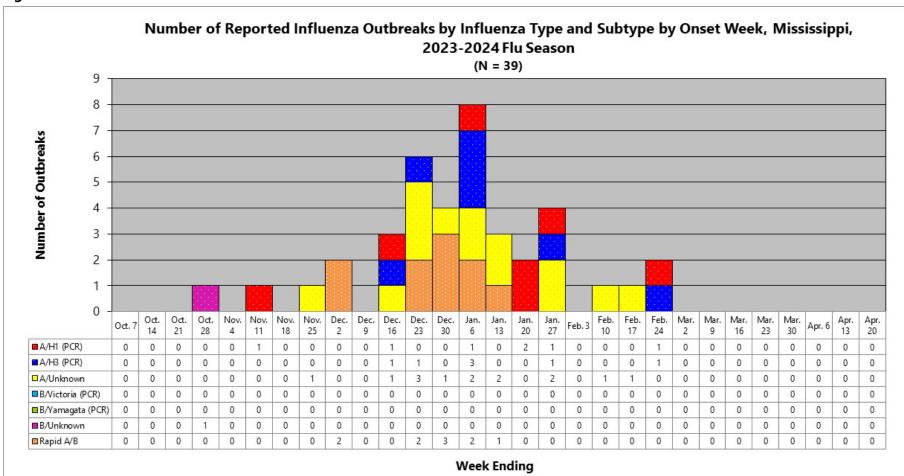




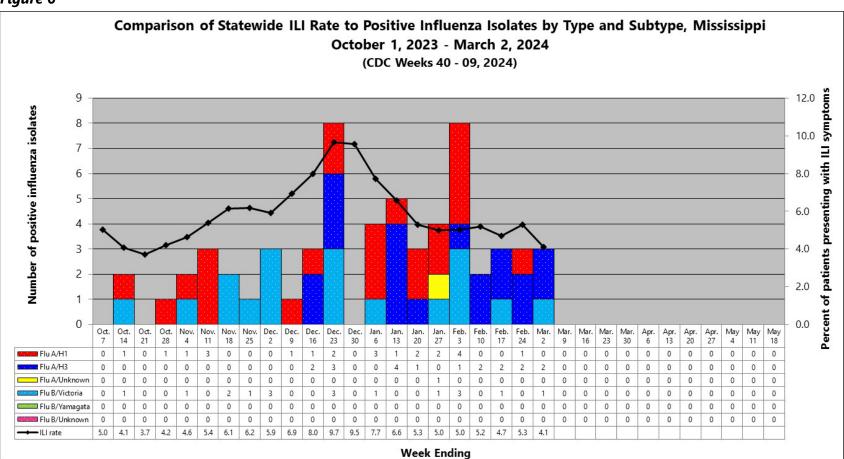




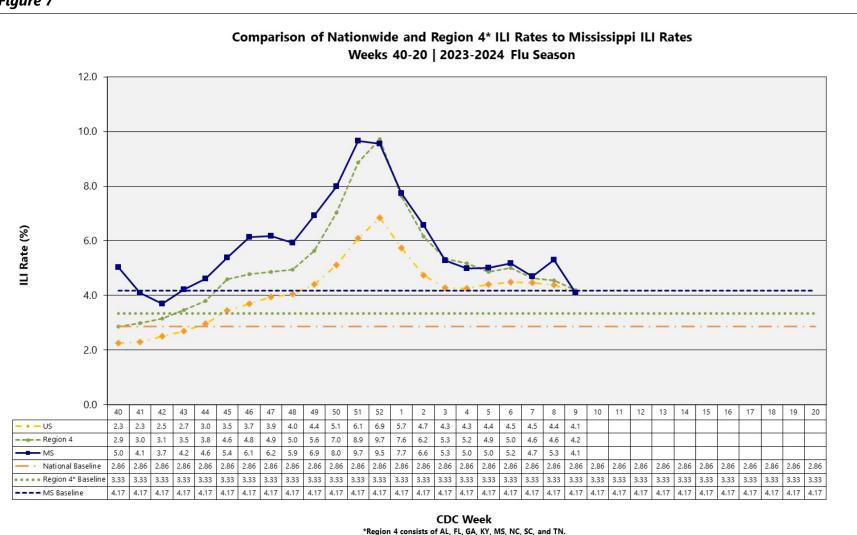














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